

## **‘ALMONGA’, A NEW SPANISH PLANCHADA DRY BEAN.**

Carmen ASENSIO<sup>1\*</sup>, M.Carmen ASENSIO S-MANZANERA<sup>1</sup>, Ruth LÓPEZ<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>**Dep. Hortofruticultura y Protección Vegetal, ITACyL. Ctra. Burgos km. 119, 47071-Valladolid. SPAIN. \*Presenter (asevegma@itacyl.es)**

### **INTRODUCTION**

Current bean breeding program at ITACyL (Instituto Tecnológico Agrario de Castilla y León) started in 1987, yielding fourteen varieties until now. The main objective of this program is to introduce bacterial and viral resistance into landraces, preserving quality characteristics of the seed. Registered cultivars belong to different Spanish market classes, prevailing large white seeded beans, although canela, cranberry and red seeded beans are also presented.

One of these varieties is ‘Almonga’ that is a white large dry bean (57 g 100 seed<sup>1</sup>) of “planchada” market class, and was developed and released in 2002 by the ITACyL, Valladolid, in cooperation with the Instituto Nacional de Investigación y Tecnología Agraria y Alimentaria (INIA), Spain. Almonga is a high culinary quality cultivar with resistance to halo blight caused by *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *phaseolicola* (Burkholder 1926) Young, Dye & Wilkie 1978], *Bean common mosaic virus* (BCMV, potyvirus), and *Bean common mosaic necrosis virus* (BCMNV, potyvirus).

### **DESCRIPTION**

Almonga was derived from the cross ZJ-724/4J-132-1\_92. Landrace ZJ-724 has large white flat seeds and indeterminate growth habit Type IIIb, high culinary quality, and moderate resistance to halo blight. Early maturing halo blight tolerant F<sub>4</sub> breeding line 4J-132-1\_92 was derived from the cross ‘Cueto’/‘Jules’ using the pedigree method. Cueto is a white kidney selection from a landrace. Cueto has growth habit Type I, high culinary quality, and is susceptible to BCMV, BCMNV, and halo and common bacterial blight [caused by *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Dye] (Asensio Vegas et al., 1990). Jules is a great northern dry bean cultivar tolerant to common and halo bacterial blights (Coyne and Schuster, 1970). Almonga possesses the recessive *bc-1*<sup>2</sup> resistance allele derived from great northern Jules via breeding line 4J-132-1\_92. Thus, in greenhouse tests, Almonga was resistant to BCMV (US-6 strain) and BCMNV (NL-3K strain) and was also resistant to races 1, 2, 5, 7, and 9 of *P. syringae* pv. *phaseolicola* in both leaf and pod, and moderately resistant to race 6 in pod. Almonga is susceptible to common bacterial blight.

Almonga was tested in replicated yield trials in five locations in Spain during 5 yr. Mean seed yield for Almonga was 2976 kg ha<sup>1</sup> compared with 1719 kg ha<sup>1</sup> for Cueto. Almonga bloomed in an average of 50 d and matured in 102 d after planting. Almonga plants have an indeterminate prostrate growth habit Type IIIb, dull green leaves, and white flowers. Almonga pods are 170 mm long and have an average of five seeds per pod. Almonga has rhombohedric, shiny white seeds, high culinary quality with very soft integument, and highly buttery albumen, tested by a trained sensory panel. These characteristics are highly desired by Spanish consumers.

Breeder and Foundation Seed of Almonga will be maintained by Instituto Tecnológico Agrario de Castilla y León (ITACyL), Subdirección de Investigación y Tecnología, Departamento de Hortofruticultura y Protección Vegetal, Ctra. Burgos Km. 119, 47071 Valladolid, Spain. Small samples for research purposes can be obtained from the corresponding author.

**'ALMONGA' DESCRIPTORS\***

		Trait	Mean (Standard deviation))		
Market class	Phenology		Planchada		
		Days to first flower	50.6 (6.42)		
Plant		Days to blooming end	85.5 (8.9)		
		Blooming length	35.9 (4.4)		
		Days to maturity	102.3 (15.6)		
		Growth habit	IIIb		
		Length of internodes	3.0 (1.0)		
		Number of nodes to flower	5.3 (1.6)		
		Central Leaflet	Shape		
			Oval		
			Length (mm)	9.2 (1.4)	
			Width (mm)	6.1 (0.7)	
			Size (mm)	55.6 (8.5)	
			Hairiness	Short and sparse	
		Flower	Color of the petals	White	
			Color of the standard	White	
			Outer base of the standard	Smooth and greenish	
			Bracteole	Shape	
				Cordate	
				Size	Medium
			Inflorescence	Multinode	
		Pod	Length (mm)	169.4 (9.45)	
			Width (mm)	13.3 (1.2)	
			Height (mm)	5.7 (0.6)	
			Weight (g) of ten pods	57.9	
			Seeds per pod	4.8 (0.4)	
		Thread	Highly present		
		Pick origin	Placental		
		Shape of pick	Bent		
		Pods per plant	24 (5.5)		
	Seed	Weight (g) of 100 seeds	56.7 (5.5)		
		Width (mm)	9.8 (0.8)		
		Length (mm)	18.46 (1.3)		
		Height (mm)	5.98 (0.7)		
		Shape	Rhombohedral		
		Brightness	Bright		
		Veins	Absent		
		Color	White		
		Pattern	Absent		
Phaseolin seed protein			B		
Yield (Kg/Ha)			2976 (639)		
Cooking time			60'-70'		

\*Singh et al. (1991)

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